



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

CUBA.

*Reports from Cienfuegos, Casilda, and Santa Cruz del Sur.*CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, *January 2, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that, during the week ended December 30, 25 deaths have occurred in this city, 11 of which were in the civil hospital. Of the total deaths, 2 were from malaria, 6 from intestinal diseases, and 2 from tuberculosis. No contagious diseases reported. Death rate for the week is 32.58 per thousand.

Five foreign vessels entered and 6 cleared during the week. United States Army transports *Kilpatrick* and *Sedgwick*, loaded with forage for the quartermaster's department at this place, entered and cleared during the week.

During the month of December, there have been 26 vessels, 1,112 members of crews, and 202 passengers inspected at this port.

Casilda.—Dr. Alejandro Cantero reports 10 deaths in the city of Trinidad during the week, 2 from malaria, 1 from intestinal diseases, and 1 from tuberculosis. Three cases of varioloid in children, all isolated and doing well. The city authorities are vaccinating all not previously vaccinated. No foreign vessels inspected at this port during the week.

Santa Cruz del Sur.—Dr. Juan R. Xiques reports 1 death during the week from intestinal disease. No contagious diseases. No foreign vessels inspected during the week.

Respectfully,

J. M. LINDSLEY,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.**Report from Havana.*HAVANA, CUBA, *January 3, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following sanitary report for the week ended December 30, 1899:

Eighteen new cases of yellow fever were reported during the week, and 3 deaths occurred from the same disease during this period. There were 29 cases remaining under treatment on December 30, 1899. These figures show a decided increase in the number of cases, and a diminution in the mortality.

One hundred and twelve deaths from all causes occurred during the week, indicating a death rate of 26.47 per thousand, which is a slight increase over the previous week.

During the period covered by this report, the weather has been dry and cool.

The prevalence of yellow fever at Santiago de Cuba was reported unofficially on December 27, and this office immediately communicated with Asst. Surg. H. B. Parker, United States Marine-Hospital Service, at that port, requesting to be informed as to the truth of the report. His reply showed that there had been only 1 case of yellow fever at Santiago de Cuba since December 5. In view, however, of the constant reports of the prevalence of yellow fever at Santiago de Cuba, it was decided to inspect all vessels coming from that port.

The suspicious case of fever removed from the U. S. transport *Kilpatrick* having been declared to be typhoid fever by the United States Army board of experts on the 24th ultimo, the vessel was immediately released from quarantine at Mariel and proceeded on her way.